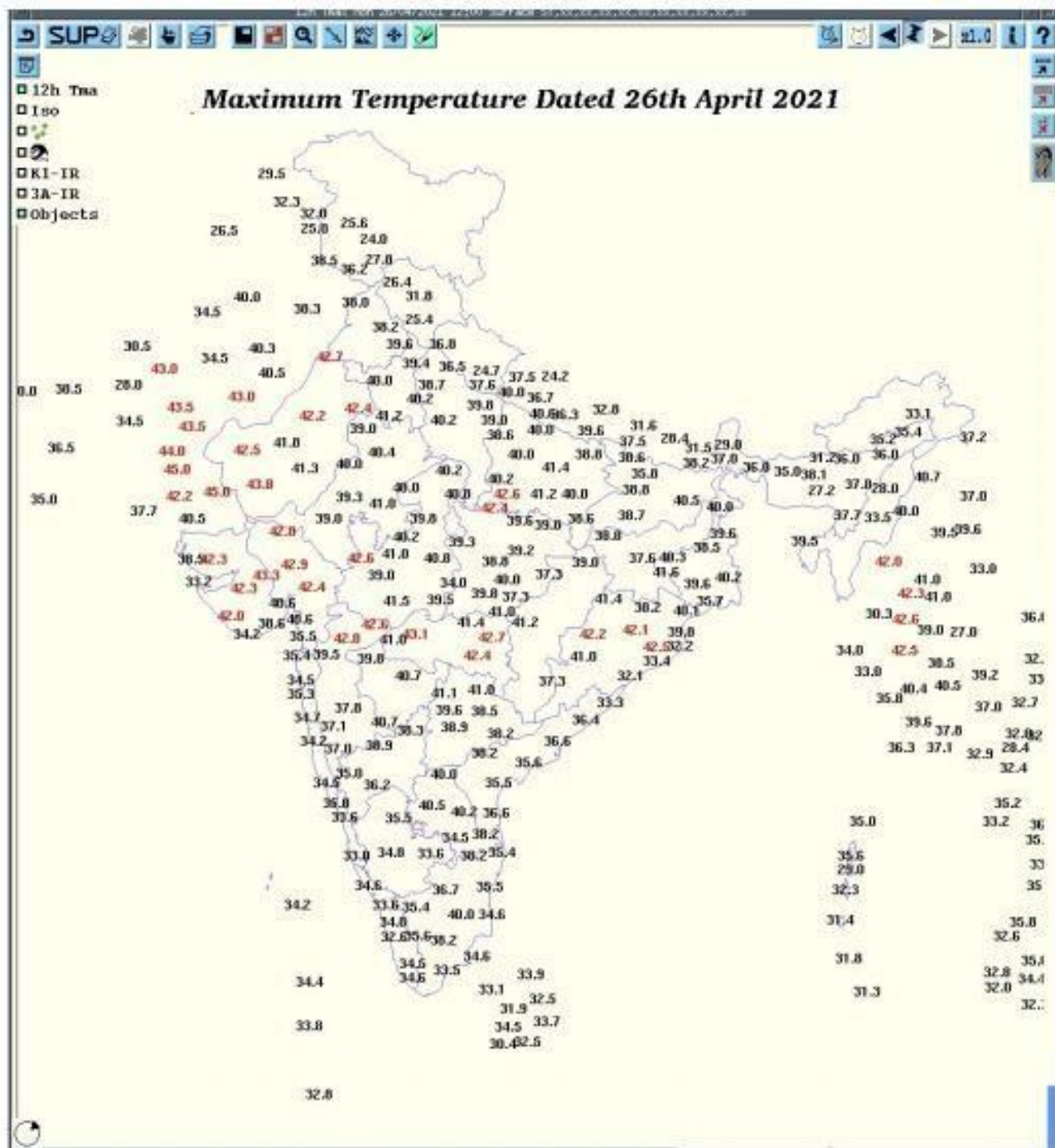
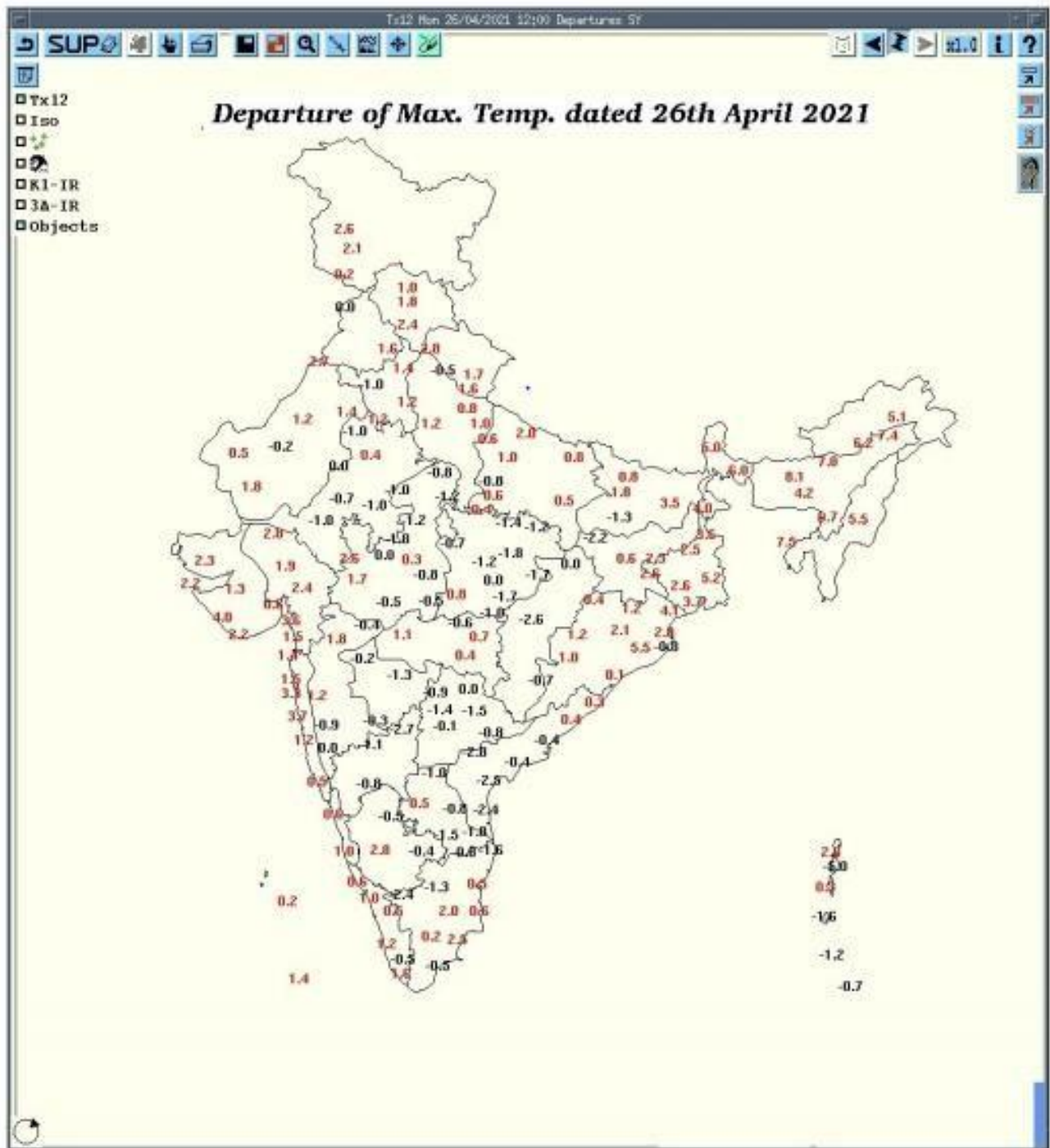


(For significance of colour code and criteria for Heat Wave, kindly refer to Annexure-3 at end of this document)



Annexure1



Heat Wave

Heat wave is considered if maximum temperature of a station reaches at least 40°C or more for Plains, 37°C or more for coastal stations and at least 30°C or more for Hilly regions. Following criteria are used to declare heat wave:

a) Based on Departure from Normal

- *Heat Wave*: Departure from normal is 4.5°C to 6.4°C
- *Severe Heat Wave*: Departure from normal is >6.4°C

b) Based on Actual Maximum Temperature (for plains only)

- *Heat Wave*: When actual maximum temperature $\geq 45^{\circ}\text{C}$
- *Severe Heat Wave*: When actual maximum temperature $\geq 47^{\circ}\text{C}$

To declare heat wave, the above criteria should be met at least in 2 stations in a Meteorological sub-division for at least two consecutive days and it will be declared on the second day.

Heat Wave Warning

Green (No action)	Normal Day	Maximum temperatures are near normal
Yellow Alert (Be updated)	Heat Alert	Heat wave conditions at district level likely to persist for 2 days
Orange Alert (Be prepared)	Severe Heat Alert for the day	(i) Severe heat wave conditions persist for 2 days. (ii) With varied severity, heat wave is likely to persists for 4 days or more
Red Alert (Take Action)	Extreme Heat Alert for the day	(i) Severe heat wave persists for more than 2 days. (ii) Total MAXIMUM TEMPERATURES number of heat/severe heat wave days likely to exceeds 6 days.